

## APPLIED SOCIOLOGY

**PLACEMENT:** I SEMESTER

**THEORY:** 3 Credits (60 hours)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concepts of sociology and its application in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to

1. Identify the scope and significance of sociology in nursing.
2. Apply the knowledge of social structure and different culture in a society in identifying social needs of sick clients.
3. Identify the impact of culture on health and illness.
4. Develop understanding about types of family, marriage and its legislation.
5. Identify different types of caste, class, social change and its influence on health and health practices.
6. Develop understanding about social organization and disorganization and social problems in India.
7. Integrate the knowledge of clinical sociology and its uses in crisis intervention.

### COURSE OUTLINE

#### T – Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	1 (T)	Describe the scope and significance of sociology in nursing	<b>Introduction</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Definition, nature and scope of sociology</li><li>• Significance of sociology in nursing</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Lecture</li><li>• Discussion</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Essay</li><li>• Short answer</li></ul>
II	15 (T)	Describe the individualization, Groups, processes of Socialization, social change and its importance	<b>Social structure</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Basic concept of society, community, association and institution</li><li>• Individual and society</li><li>• Personal disorganization</li><li>• Social group – meaning, characteristics, and classification.</li><li>• Social processes – definition and forms, Co-operation, competition, conflict, accommodation, assimilation, isolation</li><li>• Socialization – characteristics, process, agencies of socialization</li><li>• Social change – nature, process, and role of nurse</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Lecture cum Discussion</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Essay</li><li>• Short answer</li><li>• Objective type</li></ul>

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Structure and characteristics of urban, rural and tribal community.</li> <li>• Major health problems in urban, rural and tribal communities</li> <li>• Importance of social structure in nursing profession</li> </ul>		
III	8 (T)	Describe culture and its impact on health and disease	<b>Culture</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Nature, characteristic and evolution of culture</li> <li>• Diversity and uniformity of culture</li> <li>• Difference between culture and civilization</li> <li>• Culture and socialization</li> <li>• Transcultural society</li> <li>• Culture, Modernization and its impact on health and disease</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lecture</li> <li>• Panel discussion</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Essay</li> <li>• Short answer</li> </ul>
IV	8 (T)	Explain family, marriage and legislation related to marriage	<b>Family and Marriage</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Family – characteristics, basic need, types and functions of family</li> <li>• Marriage – forms of marriage, social custom relating to marriage and importance of marriage</li> <li>• Legislation on Indian marriage and family.</li> <li>• Influence of marriage and family on health and health practices</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lecture</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Essay</li> <li>• Short answer</li> <li>• Case study report</li> </ul>
V	8 (T)	Explain different types of caste and classes in society and its influence on health	<b>Social stratification</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduction – Characteristics &amp; forms of stratification</li> <li>• Function of stratification</li> <li>• Indian caste system – origin and characteristics</li> <li>• Positive and negative impact of caste in society.</li> <li>• Class system and status</li> <li>• Social mobility-meaning and types</li> <li>• Race – concept, criteria of racial classification</li> <li>• Influence of class, caste and race system on health.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lecture</li> <li>• Panel discussion</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Essay</li> <li>• Short answer</li> <li>• Objective type</li> </ul>
VI	15 (T)	Explain social organization, disorganization, social problems and role of nurse in reducing social problems	<b>Social organization and disorganization</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Social organization – meaning, elements and types</li> <li>• Voluntary associations</li> <li>• Social system – definition, types, role and status as structural element of social system.</li> <li>• Interrelationship of institutions</li> <li>• Social control – meaning, aims and process of social control</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lecture</li> <li>• Group discussion</li> <li>• Observational visit</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Essay</li> <li>• Short answer</li> <li>• Objective type</li> <li>• Visit report</li> </ul>

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Social norms, moral and values</li> <li>• Social disorganization – definition, causes, Control and planning</li> <li>• Major social problems – poverty, housing, food supplies, illiteracy, prostitution, dowry, Child labour, child abuse, delinquency, crime, substance abuse, HIV/AIDS, COVID-19</li> <li>• Vulnerable group – elderly, handicapped, minority and other marginal group.</li> <li>• Fundamental rights of individual, women and children</li> <li>• Role of nurse in reducing social problem and enhance coping</li> <li>• Social welfare programs in India</li> </ul>		
<b>VII</b>	5 (T)	Explain clinical sociology and its application in the hospital and community	<b>Clinical sociology</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduction to clinical sociology</li> <li>• Sociological strategies for developing services for the abused</li> <li>• Use of clinical sociology in crisis intervention</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lecture,</li> <li>• Group discussion</li> <li>• Role play</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Essay</li> <li>• Short answer</li> </ul>

## BIBLIOGRAPHY:

1. Sachadeva Y.V., An introduction to sociology, kithab mahal : Allahabad
2. R.K.Manekar, Sociology for Nurses, Sivosankar T.P., Vora Medical Publications
3. K.P.Pothen, S.Pothen, Sociology for Nurses, 3rd Edition, N.R.Brothers, Indore. C.N. Shankar Rao Principals of sociology with introduction to social thoughts, S Chand E Company Publishers
4. Ashok N.Patel, S.S.Hooda, Sociology
5. Dr.N.H.Groenman, Dr.O D'aslevin, M A Bockenham, Social and Behvioural sciences for Nurses, 1st edition, Campanion Press Ltd.
6. Dr.Ajithkumar Sinha, Principles of Sociology, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal educational publishers
7. T.B.Bottomore, Sociology A guide to problem and literature, 2nd edition, Blockie & Sons Publishers Pvt. Ltd.

### Suggested Assessment/ Evaluation Methods

Scheme of Internal Assessment of theory out of 25 marks					
Sr. No	Theory	Quantity	Marks	Round off	Final Round off IA
1.	Class Test I		50 marks	30	Out of 15
2.	Class Test II		75 Marks	30	
3.	Written Assignment	2	50	10	Out of 10
4.	Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation	2	50	12	
5.	Group project/Work/Report	1	50	6	
6	Attendance	(95-100%: 2 marks, 90-94: 1.5 marks, 85-89: 1 mark, 80-84: 0.5 mark, <80: 0)		2	
(Marks of each component to be rounded of the respective columns marks and the final IA need to be calculated out of 25 (15+10).					